



教辅图书



功能学具



学生之家

基础教育行业专研品牌

30⁺年创始人专注教育行业

全品学练考

AI智慧
教辅

主编 肖德好

练习册

高中英语

选择性必修第三册 BS



本书为AI智慧教辅

“讲题智能体”支持学生聊着学，扫码后哪题不会选哪题；随时随地想聊就聊，想问就问。



天津出版传媒集团
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01

培养核心素养，聚焦主题语境

Unit 7 CAREERS

主题素养积累

Influenced by relatives who **served as** teachers, Tabichi has taught maths and science for 12 years, hoping to help students. However, working at a remote village school in Kenya hasn't been easy. The unique challenges and obstacles have forced Tabichi to find unique solutions for his students. The school only has one computer and **unreliable** Internet access. The school also has no library or laboratory. To make matters worse, there are not enough books for all the students and the school is **desperately in need of** more teachers. Most of the students are not able to concentrate, because they haven't had enough meals at home.

One of the other major challenges that Tabichi faces is keeping kids in school as long as possible. So Tabichi spends most of his time outside the classroom working on ways to keep kids in school. When the 36-year-old gets the feeling that a student is **at risk of dropping out**, he works to persuade his family to put more value in education. To help those **in poverty** afford food, uniforms, and books, Tabichi also **gives away** 80 percent of his salary. **Despite all the obstacles he faces**, Tabichi is credited with improving the school

in school. He has also managed to set up science clubs and addressed food insecurity issues.

Thanks to his tireless work, his students have excelled in science. In recent years, students have won national and international science competitions. In March of 2019, Tabichi was voted the best teacher in the world and won the prize of \$ 1 million.

【主题词句背诵】

1. serve as 担任; 充当
2. unreliable *adj.* 不可靠的; 不能信赖的
3. desperately in need of 急需
4. at risk of 有……的危险
5. drop out 辍学; 退出
6. in poverty 在贫穷中
7. give away 赠送; 捐赠
8. be credited with 被认为(在某方面)有贡献
9. One of the other major challenges **that Tabichi faces is keeping kids in school as long as possible.** 塔比奇面临的其他主要挑战之一是让孩子们尽可能长时间地上学。
10. **Despite all the obstacles he faces**, Tabichi is credited with improving the school and keeping many of the village's young people in school. 尽管面临着种种障碍, 塔比奇因为改善了学校状

02

夯实语言基础，搭建知识框架

词汇点睛

1. assistant *n.* 助手, 助理, 副手

- | | |
|---|------------|
| (1) assist <i>v.</i> | 帮助, 协助, 援助 |
| assist sb in/with sth | 协助某人某事 |
| assist sb in doing sth/to do sth | 协助某人做某事 |
| (2) assistance <i>n.</i> | 帮助; 援助 |
| with one's assistance = with the assistance of... | 在……的帮助下 |
| come/go to one's assistance | 来/去帮助某人 |

【佳句背诵】

Your generous **assistance** and immediate response are enthusiastically expected and truly appreciated. 我们热切期待并衷心感谢您的慷慨援助和即时

句型透视

1. (教材 P9) It is generally believed that people with high EQs are open to new ideas and have positive attitudes towards life.

人们普遍认为, 情商高的人容易接纳新思想, 对待生活积极乐观。

句型公式

It is + 过去分词 + that 从句.

【句式点拨】

本句属于“It be + 过去分词 + that 从句.”结构, 其中 that 引导主语从句, it 作形式主语。

【归纳拓展】

常见的“It be + 过去分词(短语) + that 从句.”结构有:

It is said that... 据说……

课内基础巩固

① 单词拼写(每小题 1 分,满分 4 分)

- The **salesman** gave a _____ (极好的) presentation that convinced the **client** to sign the contract.
- The **dentists** celebrated their clinic's anniversary by hiring five famous _____ (主厨), each responsible for a course.
- The **client** went to the customer service _____ (部) to complain about the product quality.
- My sister is studying law in the university so it is very likely that she will become a lawyer _____ in the future.

② 单句填空(每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

- The intelligent _____ provided smooth

7. A _____ (rely) candidate with 5+ years in customer service was praised for efficient issue-solving.

8. The surgeon completed the emergency _____ (operate) swiftly, with the patient's family praying anxiously outside.

9. The **chemist** persuaded the research team _____ (adapt) a new experimental method.

10. The **architect** credited the successful completion of the building _____ his dedicated team of engineers.

③ 短语填空(每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

- _____ (在我前往……的路上) the job interview, I double-checked my CV

课后素养提升

④ 阅读理解(每小题 2.5 分,满分 10 分)

Starting from childhood, I loved cartoon shows. I always drew funny pictures on my homework. In high school, I realized art was the only career I wanted. This led me to study illustration at a design college in California. Though I knew I loved drawing, I wasn't sure which art job to choose. But I had a professor in school who encouraged me to take up storyboarding, which is actually the closest we can get to comic-book drawing. And that's how I started. I graduated, and then I landed my first job at Nickelodeon, a famous kids' TV company.

I didn't really know much about animation (动画) until I entered college. I was taking painting classes, and figure drawing classes—

cartoons lively. I enjoy showing feelings through small details like eye shapes or smiles. Before working, I thought cartoon artists worked alone, but Nickelodeon changed that idea. There, I met many friendly artists who loved cartoons as much as I did. We worked together, sharing ideas like "Maybe a darker blue sky would make this scene sadder." I learned cartoon-making isn't just about drawing skills.

() 1. What made the author choose his art job?

- His teacher's advice.
- His childhood hobby.
- His major at college.
- His drawing skills.

() 2. What did the author find in college?

- His skill in feature films.

⑤ 写作

第一节 应用文写作(满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,本周五你们学校将举行一次题为“My future career”的英语演讲比赛。请你就此写一篇英文演讲稿参赛,内容包括:

- 你未来想从事的职业;
 - 选择从事此职业的原因;
 - 你为此做出的努力。
- 注意:1. 写作词数应为 80 个左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

My future career

第二节 读后续写(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

In 1989, fresh out of high school, I had the difficult task of choosing a career path before college started in three months. In those days in Pakistan, there were limited options (选择): becoming a doctor or an engineer, or entering the financial world after getting a business degree. I wasn't interested in engineering, so I was left with medicine or business. I couldn't decide.

My uncle, an influential person in the family, suggested that I do a work placement to

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Unit 7 CAREERS

★ 提示：加底纹词汇为复现词汇

Period One Topic Talk

课内基础巩固

❶ 单词拼写(每小题 1 分, 满分 4 分)

1. The **salesman** gave a _____ (极好的) presentation that convinced the **client** to sign the contract.
2. The **dentists** celebrated their clinic's anniversary by hiring five famous _____ (主厨), each responsible for a course.
3. The **client** went to the customer service _____ (部) to complain about the product quality.
4. My sister is studying law in the university so it is very likely that she will become a l _____ in the future.

❷ 单句填空(每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

1. The intelligent _____ provided smooth _____, solving complex problems efficiently. (assist)
2. The **dentist's** _____ (impress) skills in complex surgeries earned him a good reputation.
3. The _____ (consult) provided valuable advice for the **institution**, helping analyse market trends.
4. The **chemist** was _____ (fascinate) by the chemical reaction he observed in the experiment.
5. The **salesman** analysed the _____ (economy) trends to adjust his sales strategies accordingly.
6. The **receptionist** showed potential in _____ (manage) and was promoted to office supervisor.

7. A _____ (rely) candidate with 5 + years in customer service was praised for efficient issue-solving.
8. The surgeon completed the emergency _____ (operate) swiftly, with the patient's family praying anxiously outside.
9. The **chemist persuaded** the research team _____ (adapt) a new experimental method.
10. The **architect credited** the successful completion of the building _____ his dedicated team of engineers.

❸ 短语填空(每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

1. _____ (在我前往……的路上) the job interview, I double-checked my **CV** to make sure all the information was correct.
2. The **receptionist** is trained to _____ (与……和睦相处) every guest who comes to the hotel.
3. He _____ (担任, 充当) a representative in his current company.
4. _____ (在……结尾) the speech contest, the host announced the winners and awarded the certificates.
5. She put _____ (全身心地) into earning her **master's degree** in environmental science.

❹ 句型训练(每小题 3 分, 满分 9 分)

1. Only when you apply _____ to practice can you say that you have succeeded. (宾语从句)
只有当你把所学的东西应用到实践中, 你才能说你成功了。

2. _____, but fortunately, my teachers and classmates are always helpful. (动名词作主语)
学习英语对我来说很有挑战性,但幸运的是,我的老师和同学们总是帮助我。

3. We'll hold a fruit-picking activity next Saturday on a farm _____. (定语从句)
下周六,我们将在离学校两公里远的农场举行水果采摘活动。

课后素养提升

Ⅶ 阅读理解(每小题 2.5 分,满分 10 分)

Starting from childhood, I loved cartoon shows. I always drew funny pictures on my homework. In high school, I realized art was the only career I wanted. This led me to study illustration at a design college in California. Though I knew I loved drawing, I wasn't sure which art job to choose. But I had a professor in school who encouraged me to take up storyboarding, which is actually the closest we can get to comic-book drawing. And that's how I started. I graduated, and then I landed my first job at Nickelodeon, a famous kids' TV company.

I didn't really know much about animation (动画) until I entered college. I was taking painting classes, and figure drawing classes—things like that. But within the illustration major, we had different subcategories. One of them was entertainment and arts, and they'd teach everything about animation—like working in feature films, designing characters, and writing a story. I decided that I really liked drawing sequential (连环的) cartoons. I wanted to tell a story, and give life to my characters.

At the beginning, it was pen and pencil on paper. But the more you enter professional life, the more you can realize that many people prefer drawing with the computer's help. In my first job, I was actually a background painter. And this was a really special job, because we actually got to paint on traditional paper instead of on the computer. We got to paint with actual paintbrushes, inks and watercolours.

Drawing characters is my favourite part. Changing faces to look silly or emotional makes

cartoons lively. I enjoy showing feelings through small details like eye shapes or smiles. Before working, I thought cartoon artists worked alone, but Nickelodeon changed that idea. There, I met many friendly artists who loved cartoons as much as I did. We worked together, sharing ideas like "Maybe a darker blue sky would make this scene sadder." I learned cartoon-making isn't just about drawing skills.

- () 1. What made the author choose his art job?
A. His teacher's advice.
B. His childhood hobby.
C. His major at college.
D. His drawing skills.
- () 2. What did the author find in college?
A. His skill in feature films.
B. His talent for figure drawing.
C. His love for painting classes.
D. His interest in animated storytelling.
- () 3. How did the author like his first job?
A. It was just a waste of time.
B. It was a hands-on experience.
C. It made him recognize cartoons.
D. It taught computer-made animation.
- () 4. What lesson did the author learn about cartoon-making at Nickelodeon?
A. Teamwork also matters.
B. Hard work always pays off.
C. Hard time tests friendship.
D. Details make the difference.

Ⅷ 阅读七选五(每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

Emotional intelligence, sometimes referred to as EQ, refers to a person's ability to recognize, understand, manage and reason with emotions.

1. _____ And it is a hot topic not only in

psychology but also in the business world. If you want to succeed in the workplace and move up the career ladder, emotional intelligence is critical to your success.

2. _____ According to one survey of hiring managers, almost 75 percent of respondents suggested that they valued an employee’s EQ more than their IQ. Emotional intelligence is widely recognized as a valuable skill that helps improve communication, management, problem-solving, and relationships within the workplace.

3. _____

So if you are interested in improving your emotional intelligence skills to benefit your workplace performance, there are a few things you can do.

One of the first steps towards using emotional intelligence skills in the workplace is to practise recognizing your own emotions. Self-awareness involves being aware of different aspects of yourself, including your emotions and feelings. It is one of the fundamental parts of emotional intelligence.

4. _____ Being aware of your emotions is an important first step, but you also need to be able to manage the things you are feeling. People who possess good self-regulation are able to adapt well to changing situations.

Research on emotion psychology also suggests that people with high EQs also have strong social skills. 5. _____ As a result, they are able to respond appropriately to the situation.

Emotional intelligence plays an important role not only in well-being but also in your success in the workplace. Fortunately, there are a number of lessons you can take from emotion psychology to improve your EQ.

- A. Having hobbies outside of work is a great place to start.
- B. Self-regulation is also a critical part of emotional intelligence.

- C. So why is emotional intelligence such a valued workplace skill?
- D. It is a critical ability when it comes to interpersonal communication.
- E. This is because they are good at recognizing other people’s emotions.
- F. In the past, emotion and intelligence were often thought of as opposites.
- G. It is also a skill that researchers believe can be improved with training and practice.

Ⅷ 语法填空(每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

Tang Yan gave up a promising career to save an almost lost art 1. _____ (know) as “Beijing silk figurine” (北京绢人). In 1997, she established a studio with five other enthusiasts. Then they spent an entire year making several figurines, only 2. _____ (find) there was no market for their products.

“A figurine could cost 3. _____ (basic) the annual salary of many people at the time because of precious materials and complicated handicrafts,” Tang said. “Many potential customers were amazed by the beauty of our products, but their price drove them away.”

The first failure taught Tang 4. _____ they needed: finding ways to reduce production costs. She made many creative and bold 5. _____ (adjust) to the traditional figurines, like using machines to paint the clothes. These measures cut the price to less than a tenth of the 6. _____ (origin) one. However, to lend the dolls 7. _____ sense of delicacy and craftsmanship, she preserved several handmade processes for hair and makeup.

After decades of wholehearted commitment 8. _____ the craft, Tang now runs her own Beijing silk figurine product brand Tang Wawa. “Girls in China need their own dolls. When I was little, dolls 9. _____ (call) *yangwawa*, meaning Western dolls,” Tang continued. “I wanted to create dolls 10. _____ (bear) a cultural connection to Chinese people and figurines with a rich historical implication.”

班级	
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题号	答案
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七选五	
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Period Two Lesson 1 EQ: IQ (Reading)

课内基础巩固

❶ 单词拼写(每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

1. The after-school club organizes activities to support students with various _____ (残障).
2. _____ (总的说来), the **economy** of the region has shown a positive trend in recent years.
3. The _____ (内部的) training programme helped employees develop **brilliant** problem-solving skills.
4. The **chef**, _____ (不乐意的) to compromise on quality, refused to serve the dish with bad ingredients.
5. He l_____ his voice to a whisper when he saw the **client** was sleeping.

❷ 单句填空(每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

1. The **lawyer** has a close _____ (associate) with his **clients**, providing them with professional legal advice.
2. His _____ (determine) to complete his **master's degree** inspired his classmates.
3. The **physician** paid attention to the patient's _____ (react) after taking the experimental medicine.
4. The _____ (disable) **salesman** didn't give up and still achieved good sales results with his efforts.
5. The _____ offered the **architect** permanent _____ after reviewing her award-winning projects. (employ)
6. The **physician** thinks that the patient's condition **deserves** _____ (monitor) closely in the **reliable** hospital.

7. Based on market data, the **salesman's** _____ (predict) of high demand for the product proved accurate.
8. It _____ (announce) that the **brilliant chemist** has won the Nobel Prize for her discoveries.
9. The **architect** showed great _____ (intelligent) in designing the energy-saving building for the **institution**.
10. After entering high school, she struggled to adjust _____ the faster pace of classes.

❸ 短语填空(每小题 2 分,满分 16 分)

1. The physician always _____ (对……持积极态度) treating patients, aiming to relieve their pain.
2. The **assistant** made a report _____ (基于) the information collected from different **departments**.
3. _____ (就……而言) medical skills, the **dentist** was highly praised by patients.
4. _____ (与……相比) the **chemist's** previous experiments, this one had a **brilliant** result.
5. If the **saleswoman** can't **persuade** the **client**, she may _____ (以……结束) losing the order.
6. People with a **master's degree** _____ (更可能) get a high-paying job than those with only a **bachelor's degree**.
7. The **chef** _____ (参加) a cooking competition and won a prize.
8. The **physician** has rich experience in _____ (处理,应付) emergency patients.

Ⅳ 句型训练(每小题 3 分,满分 9 分)

- _____ her kindness and generosity towards others deserve praising for making a positive impact on the community.
人们相信,她对他人的友善和慷慨对社会产生了积极影响,值得赞扬。
- _____ nature has always been inspiration for humans in many

ways such as architecture and technology.
毫无疑问,自然在许多方面一直给人类灵感,如建筑设计和科技。

- _____ in my heart and let me see the beauty in human nature. (强调句)
是他的善良融化了我心中的冰,让我看到了人性中的美。

课后素养提升

Ⅴ 完形填空(每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

While undergoing treatment, I returned to work. In the open environment of an office, there is usually little or no 1, whether conversations are on the phone or in 2. Everybody seems to know others' 3.

One day, after a stress-filled phone conversation, I hung up the phone, put my head down on my desk and let out a deep, tearful 4. My workmate, Joyce, rolled her chair over and 5 asked, "What's going on?" I poured out everything: sick mum, out-of-control adult child, sick dog, daily treatments and my broken car. "Everything is 6!" I said. I was so exhausted and hopeless. I felt like all this would never 7.

Joyce gave me a moment to 8. She then told me about a time when she also had a(n) 9 time with a lot of things going on. I asked her how she had 10 to get through it. She held out an open hand and a(n) 11 fist, offering me words to live by in the moments of 12: Inbox empty or inbox full?

I got the 13—the way you see things depends a great deal on where you look at them from. When I feel like life stuff just keeps piling on—whether it's good, bad or just feels like too much to 14—I recite those viewpoint-changing words. My inbox is 15. I don't know what an empty inbox looks like and I don't want to know.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| ()1. A. connection | B. privacy |
| C. conversation | D. purpose |
| ()2. A. order | B. peace |
| C. person | D. detail |
| ()3. A. business | B. challenge |
| C. interest | D. responsibility |
| ()4. A. comment | B. laugh |
| C. speech | D. sigh |
| ()5. A. anxiously | B. angrily |
| C. doubtfully | D. fearlessly |
| ()6. A. impossible | B. familiar |
| C. awful | D. unnecessary |
| ()7. A. exist | B. matter |
| C. end | D. work |
| ()8. A. come alive | B. run off |
| C. wake up | D. calm down |
| ()9. A. tough | B. important |
| C. different | D. limited |
| ()10. A. promised | B. managed |
| C. happened | D. hesitated |
| ()11. A. injured | B. closed |
| C. thin | D. clean |
| ()12. A. regret | B. pride |
| C. success | D. struggle |
| ()13. A. praise | B. chance |
| C. adventure | D. message |
| ()14. A. explain | B. share |
| C. handle | D. measure |
| ()15. A. empty | B. full |
| C. attractive | D. messy |

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Ⅶ 阅读七选五(每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

Slash (斜杠) careers

What is your job? Are you a teacher or a businessperson? Or maybe you are a lawyer/writer or a teacher/photographer.

1. _____ You can never imagine that the term “slash career” comes from the punctuation mark—a slash that comes between job titles.

People with slash careers often have a primary job that provides most of their needs. The primary job usually comes before the slash. 2. _____

Why would anyone want more than one job? Some people look to their jobs for opportunities to develop their interests. But most people have too many interests for one job. Secondary jobs can be enjoyable if they include interests that the primary job doesn’t touch. Some people who encourage slash careers say they actually help with work-life balance. 3. _____

On the other hand, a slash career can be dangerous for work-life balance. 4. _____ One might give up necessary things like relaxation, exercise or time with one’s family. People with slash careers need to think carefully about how they use their time.

5. _____ Believe it or not, with a slash career, losing one’s job does not mean losing one’s entire income. Or a secondary job may be so successful that it can turn into one’s primary job.

In a word, if your interests stretch beyond your primary job or you need some extra income, a slash career may work for you.

- A. Slash careers also provide extra money.
- B. Slash careers also make one’s life more stable.
- C. Working more than one job can fill up all of your time.
- D. If you have more than one job, you have a slash career.

- E. It shows the person is creative and willing to work hard.
- F. The job after the slash is often based on a person’s interests.
- G. That’s because they can give people some fun they need in life.

Ⅷ 语法填空(每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

The concept of a shorter workweek has gained in popularity due to its potential benefits, such as reduced stress and improved work-life balance. However, Emelia Quist, 1. _____ (represent) the Federation of Small Businesses, recently raised concerns about the 2. _____ (suitable) of adopting a four-day working week across various industries.

“Industries like social care present a significant challenge 3. _____ it comes to carrying out a reduced workweek. These sectors (行业) demand continuous staffing 4. _____ (safeguard) the well-being and safety of those under their care. Striking 5. _____ balance between allowing for shorter work hours and maintaining the necessary level of care 6. _____ (be) essential.” Quist’s remarks highlight the need for careful consideration and adaptation to meet the unique requirements of different sectors.

To make a four-day working week viable (可行的) in such industries, 7. _____ (innovation) solutions must be explored. One possibility is to introduce flexible scheduling, 8. _____ employees work varied shifts over four days. Additionally, taking advantage of technological advancements could ease the pressure 9. _____ staff, making it easier to switch to shorter workweeks while still maintaining care quality.

In a word, it is important to recognize that a four-day working week cannot 10. _____ (apply) universally without considering the unique challenges of each sector. We can better manage the challenges of this change by customizing solutions for each industry.

Period Three Lesson 2 Career Skills

课内基础巩固

❶ 单句填空(每小题 1.5 分, 满分 12 分)

1. _____ (logical), if we want to improve the **management** efficiency of the company, we should **adjust** the **internal** work process.
2. She got a **credit** card to deal with her _____ (finance) problems temporarily.
3. The company **guarantees** _____ (adjust) the product quality according to **clients'** feedback.
4. Driven by strong _____ to succeed, she stays _____ by setting clear goals and celebrating small wins. (motivate)
5. The _____ (disappear) of the **internal** document caused a great panic in the **department**.
6. He couldn't find a reasonable _____ (explain) for his **lower** score in the exam.
7. The **consultant's** _____ (comprehend) of the market **trends** is really **impressive**, surprising his **clients**.

8. A series of promotional activities greatly increased the _____ (popular) of its newly opened clothing **department**.

❷ 短语填空(每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

1. The **lawyer** had to _____ (赶上) the latest laws to provide better service for his **clients**.
2. The **assistant** had to _____ (适应) the demanding work schedule of the manager.
3. _____ (总之), the **consultant's** advice on **management** greatly improved the company's efficiency.
4. Even after graduating from high school, we still _____ (与……保持联系) each other by sending messages on WeChat every week.
5. The **architect's** innovative design may _____ (导致) the building winning an award.

课后素养提升

❸ 阅读理解(每小题 2.5 分, 满分 20 分)

A

When Ne Zha and Ao Bing had a fierce battle with Infinite Immortal, the vivid sound effects made me feel as if I were right there on the scene. Suddenly, a question popped into my mind: How were these impressive sounds created? Out of curiosity, I started searching back home and then entered the mysterious world of Foley artists.

The term Foley was coined in memory of Jack Foley and his contribution to the art of sound effects. When sound effects were first added into movies, he innovated a unique way

of creating sound effects, recording sounds onto a single track of audio and adding them to actions happening on the screen accordingly.

Foley artists are like magicians of sound, adding vitality to films. Their working scenes seem simple but are filled with all kinds of tools and equipment. Ordinary objects are often transformed into precise sound effects: shaking an umbrella can simulate (模拟) the howling of a violent storm. Even though Foley artists often work behind the scenes, their cooperation with actors is crucial to getting the essence of a film. "You have to act the scene... You have to be the actors and get into the spirit of the story the

same as the actors did, on the set. It makes a big difference,” Jack Foley once stressed.

In general, attention to detail is fundamental to successful Foley artists.

They also need to have the ability to recreate sounds themselves, which requires creativity and imagination. Getting the perfect sound requires trial and error, which is why patience and persistence are equally important.

As I was digging deep, titles like “Fewer than 100 Foley artists remain active worldwide” indeed struck me hard. I found the sad truth that while Foley work is an incredible addition to movies, the small number of working artists today may put it on the path to becoming a dying art. However, Foley work, to my relief, may change as virtual reality develops. Next time you’re watching a movie, remember those subtle sounds. They are like secret messages from Foley artists, reminding us they’re always there.

- () 1. What contribution did Jack Foley make to the film industry?
- A. He pioneered sound effect creation.
B. He invented recording equipment.
C. He improved background music.
D. He advanced live recording methods.
- () 2. What did Jack Foley value most in his work?
- A. Practising trial and error.
B. Working closely with actors.
C. Being sensitive to details.
D. Stimulating active imagination.
- () 3. What does the last paragraph suggest?
- A. Foley work is becoming unnecessary with new tools.
B. Modern audiences clearly understand Foley work.
C. Foley artists may be fully replaced by virtual reality.
D. Foley work may be reshaped in the future.

- () 4. What is the author’s main purpose in writing this passage?
- A. To persuade readers to engage in Foley work.
B. To introduce Foley work and explain its importance.
C. To explore the reasons for *Ne Zha 2*’s success.
D. To highlight future challenges in Foley work.

B

In the modern era, technological progress has revolutionized every aspect of human life, from communication to healthcare. Innovations such as artificial intelligence (AI) and automation have streamlined industries, enhancing efficiency and productivity. However, this rapid advancement has also introduced unforeseen challenges, including job displacement and moral dilemmas. While technology promises convenience, its unchecked growth raises concerns about privacy and human dependency. Society must strike a balance between embracing innovation and alleviating its unfavourable effects to ensure sustainable development.

One significant consequence of technological advancement is the transformation of the job market. Automation and AI have made many traditional roles out of date, forcing workers to adapt or face unemployment. Economists argue that while new jobs survive, the transition period can be tumultuous, intensifying income inequality. Governments and corporations must invest in retraining programmes to equip the workforce with future-ready skills. Without active measures, the digital divide could deepen, leaving disadvantaged populations further marginalized (边缘化的).

Another pressing issue is the moral implications of AI decision-making. Algorithms now influence critical areas such as hiring, lending, and law enforcement (执行) yet their biases (偏见) remain a debatable topic. Studies reveal that AI

systems can maintain discrimination if trained on flawed data. Policymakers must strengthen fairness and accountability in AI development to prevent systemic injustices. The debate over whether machines should make morally complex decisions continues to divide experts and the public alike.

Despite these challenges, technology has undeniably improved global connectivity. Social media platforms enable instant communication across continents, fostering cultural exchanges and cooperation. Yet, this interconnectedness has also increased misinformation and cyberbullying, highlighting the dual-edged (双刃的) nature of digital tools. Striking a balance between open access and responsible usage remains a key challenge for regulators and users.

- ()5. What can be inferred about the future job market from the passage?
- A. Workers may need continuous skill upgrades.
B. All traditional jobs will disappear within a decade.
C. Governments will ban automation to protect workers.
D. Income inequality will decrease as technology advances.
- ()6. Which of the following is closest in meaning to “tumultuous” in Paragraph 2?
- A. Messy and unstable.
B. Peaceful and smooth.
C. Highly profitable.
D. Predictable and controlled.
- ()7. Based on the passage, what is the author’s attitude to AI decision-making?
- A. Supportive. B. Objective.
C. Indifferent. D. Doubtful.
- ()8. What is the best title for the text?
- A. Restricting technology: a fix to unemployment
B. Rejecting innovations: preservation of traditional values

- C. Technology: the coexistence of benefits and challenges
D. Artificial intelligence: a cure-all pill for humans

Ⅳ 语法填空(每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

Liu Yuyang is an undergraduate at Xi'an International Studies University majoring in tourism management. She 1. _____ (decide) to experience the country life since she read an advertisement for “New Farmers”, a government initiative that connects students, talented 2. _____ (creative), and freelancers (自由职业者) with internship (实习) opportunities at rural businesses. The ad is for a position at a village hotel, which Liu thinks 3. _____ (offer) an ideal opportunity to gain first-hand practical knowledge while 4. _____ (experience) life in the Chinese countryside. So she doesn’t want to miss the chance. Then she is on the train to Foping, a rural county in Hanzhong. When the train finally emerges from the darkness of the Qinling Tunnel, Liu Yuyang feels a sudden rush of excitement. 5. _____ (strike) by the breathtaking scenery of Foping, she feels confident that she has landed a perfect internship.

Xu Wen, 6. _____ studies computer science at Northwest University, is beginning to work at a hotel in the countryside. She has been looking for a month-long internship quite different from her college major. “Only by having new experiences can you expect 7. _____ (far) advances in your life,” she says.

Coming to the countryside for internships has become 8. _____ option for many people “at a crossroads” who perhaps are unsure of what path 9. _____ (follow). Today, a growing number prefer gaining real-world experience 10. _____ simply following a beaten path through the world of working life.

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Period Four Lesson 3 Meet the New Boss: You (Reading)

课内基础巩固

❶ 单词拼写(每小题 1 分,满分 4 分)

1. She manages _____ (多种的) tasks while maintaining a decent work-life balance.
2. Understanding market trends is _____ (极其重要的) for making logical financial decisions.
3. The p_____ of innovation in AI is so rapid that workers must constantly retrain.
4. Holding a master's degree can broaden one's multiple career p_____ across various sectors of the competitive tech industry.

❷ 单句填空(每小题 1.5 分,满分 12 分)

1. The department is responsible for ensuring the _____ (secure) of employees' personal information.
2. The client is looking for a _____ (profession) salesman with reliable experience in international sales.
3. The _____ engineer, using logical financial planning, enjoys a stable life after _____. (retire)
4. Only those with a master's degree are _____ (qualify) to apply for this job in the AI field.
5. Her CV shows many experiences with _____ (relevant) to the job requirements in the technology department.
6. The accurate diagnosis of a medical _____ (specialize) reduces the likelihood of treatment delays for critical illnesses.
7. The _____ (innovate) who develops a

new AI application will have a bright future in the technology field.

8. _____ (occupy) with preparing for the exam, she failed to notice the beautiful sunset outside the window.

❸ 短语填空(每小题 2 分,满分 8 分)

1. Despite his father's successful career, Stephen was thought by many people to be too short, too thin and too weak to _____ (继承他父亲的事业).
2. The news is _____ (过时的) and what we need is the information that is up to date.
3. What impressed us deeply were the delicious local food and the comfortable accommodation well _____ (为……准备) us.
4. After having comforted her, something slowly changed inside me. The sense of loneliness _____ (被……取代) the responsibility of being an elder brother.

❹ 句型训练(每小题 3 分,满分 12 分)

1. _____ a painting you weren't that interested in? (what if)
如果他们花很长时间谈论一幅你不那么感兴趣的画怎么办?
2. I'm sorry that I can't go out with you as planned. _____ the other day and I must look after him. (表语从句)
很抱歉我不能按计划和您出去。原因是我弟弟前几天摔断了腿,我必须照顾他。
3. Continuous practice made me _____ the opponent. (enough)
不断的练习使我有足够的信心挑战对手。

4. One of the most effective _____ is to step outside, breathe in the fresh air, and immerse yourself in nature's beauty by simply enjoying the scenery.

(way)

缓解压力最有效的方法之一是走出去,呼吸新鲜空气,只是欣赏一下风景,让自己沉浸在大自然的美丽中。

课后素养提升

Ⅴ 完形填空(每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

I signed up to volunteer at a local hospital last year. I knew the 1 would look good on my college applications.

On my first day, having been given a tour of the 2 and a tablet with maps and basic information, I was 3 to answer questions that came my way. I sent a few visitors in the wrong direction, but I did my best. It wasn't a big 4, and my second day there was much the same.

But on the third day, everything 5. I was in the middle of my 6 when I noticed a wheelchair speeding in my direction. The young boy sitting in it asked, "Who are you? You're in my hospital and I don't even 7 you!"

I introduced myself and 8 that I was new. David's parents told me that he was there for his weekly check-up. David began to tell me about his medical 9, his favourite football player and other 10 of his life.

After David had gone to his 11, one of the administrators 12 me and said, "That was 13. You were a different person when you were talking to him!" "We need volunteers to work in the children's department. And I think you'd be 14 at it," she added.

This 15 my becoming a regular in the children's department, and also to my decision to study medicine at university and become a paediatrician (儿科医生).

- ()1. A. presentation B. grade
C. invitation D. experience

- ()2. A. association B. fair
C. hospital D. grocery
()3. A. reminded B. assigned
C. predicted D. promised
()4. A. deal B. fight
C. voice D. influence
()5. A. occurred B. changed
C. mattered D. failed
()6. A. trial B. shift
C. surgery D. interview
()7. A. recognize B. doubt
C. join D. know
()8. A. complained B. realized
C. explained D. pretended
()9. A. history B. team
C. finding D. skill
()10. A. trends B. details
C. signals D. excuses
()11. A. appointment B. celebration
C. achievement D. gathering
()12. A. understood B. blamed
C. approached D. monitored
()13. A. amusing B. disturbing
C. embarrassing D. amazing
()14. A. great B. shocked
C. motivated D. annoyed
()15. A. belonged to B. lived up to
C. gave way to D. led to

Ⅵ 阅读七选五(每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

If you're looking for ways to improve your productivity, chances are, you've come across a term called timeboxing (时间定量法). 1. _____ This is the opposite of the "normal" way of working, which is to just work on a task until

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it's done. Timeboxing can increase your productivity in many ways.

2. _____ Choose a short period of time and then work without distractions for this amount of time. Twenty-five minutes isn't much, and even if you feel a strong desire to do something distracting, just push through this short time period. And you'll be surprised about how much you can get done in 25 minutes if you don't allow any distractions to take away your attention.

It also gives you control over your time. This means that you're in charge of your own work and life, not the other way around. 3. _____ Instead of just working on any given task until it's done, you decide how much time you'll give it in advance.

Given so many benefits of timeboxing, why not use it to increase productivity? To achieve it, you need to determine how much time you need for a task. To track the time you really need for a task, you obviously need a timer (计时器). Chances are that you'll take longer if you don't use a timer. 4. _____

Don't allow any distractions during a timebox. 5. _____ So, close your e-mail inbox, and put your phone in a different room when you're working. Trust me; this will improve your productivity greatly.

- A. For example, it helps to stay focused.
- B. In the beginning, this will just be a guess.
- C. This means that you should take control of your space.
- D. It's simply because you don't realize how fast time passes.
- E. If you stick to that, you'll get your tasks done faster than ever before.
- F. Timeboxing means giving yourself a certain amount of time for a certain task.

G. Instead of not knowing what to expect on any given day, you arrange it the way you need.

Ⅶ 语法填空(每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

The rice fields in some parts of East Java are still plowed (犁地) by buffalo. There is little industry or tourism. Every year thousands of residents follow a well-worn path to jobs as domestic helpers in Hong Kong or construction workers in Saudi Arabia. Ziofani Alfirdaus, 1. _____, believes he will have a career and a future here. The 16-year-old is clear on the source of his 2. _____ (optimistic)—China.

His local school hosts a Luban Workshop, 3. _____ Chinese-funded and Chinese-directed vocational (职业) training programme that 4. _____ (teach) students how to service Chinese electric-vehicle engines, operate Chinese commercial drones (无人机) and assemble Chinese robots. The educational assistance, 5. _____ (provide) at no cost, has revolutionized the provincial school here with new technology to train students, as well as trips to vocational schools in China 6. _____ (build) the skills of Indonesian educators.

Students 7. _____ have gone through the workshops are convinced of the values of Chinese technology. 8. _____ (previous), Alfirdaus didn't know what drones were, but now he is studying how to operate them, hoping to make a career with them in the future. "China's technology," he said, "will be 9. _____ (help) to all of mankind."

So far, over 50 majors 10. _____ (offer) under Chinese-foreign cooperation within the framework of the programme, which has trained 9,000 students with degrees and 18,000 people for local communities.

► 单元小测

Unit 7

❶ 单句填空(每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

1. Lucy leaves a positive _____ (impress) by organizing class activities with creativity and responsibility.
2. The rise of green technology reflects a global _____ (innovate) trend.
3. She was _____ (determine) to qualify as a professional photographer and spent years practising her skills.
4. Through his _____ (persuade), the elderly man agreed to move to a safer district.
5. The employer's _____ (announce) of an increase in salary for all employees was met with applause.
6. You'd better make an _____ (adjust) to your study plan if the current one affects your efficiency.
7. It _____ (predict) that the prospect of the renewable energy profession will be very bright.
8. _____ (employ) in analysing financial data for the firm, she negotiates a higher salary due to her specialized skills.
9. The _____ (occupy) of an AI engineer is becoming more and more popular in the current trend.
10. I am writing to submit my _____ (apply) for the campus reporter position, as my writing experience matches the role requirements.

❷ 短语填空(每小题 2 分, 满分 12 分)

1. She decided to _____ (申请) a master's degree in bio-technology to advance her career as a researcher.
2. _____ (与……相比) other professions, being a physician requires longer years of training and education.

3. The young chef _____ (继承他父亲的事业) and took over the family restaurant.
4. Poor communication between departments may _____ (导致) delays in the project's completion.
5. The librarian reminded the readers not to _____ (被……分心) loud noises outside the reading room.
6. Her novel, set in the Tang Dynasty, _____ (以……为基础) historical records from that period.

❸ 句型训练(每小题 3 分, 满分 9 分)

1. I don't want to have you go boating in such weather. _____ ?
我不想让你在这样的天气里划船。如果暴风雨来临怎么办?
2. It is by acting together, in this exciting way, that we can involve thousands—millions—of people, and this is _____.
(表语从句)
正是通过这种令人激动的方式共同行动起来, 我们可以让成千上万、甚至数百万人参与其中, 这将改变世界。
3. We should consider students' suggestion _____ on popular science. (同位语从句)
我们应该考虑学生的(关于)学校图书馆应该提供更多的科普书籍的建议。

❹ 阅读理解(每小题 2.5 分, 满分 10 分)

How many bosses could rely on their employees threatening to quit in mass if they were abruptly forced out? Sam Altman received such a show of support from more than 700 staff after he was fired from OpenAI that he was swiftly restored to his position by the board. But this level of loyalty is not typical and may not always be a good thing.

Management experts say staff who are loyal to their employer are inclined to invest more time and effort in their jobs, thus receiving promotions and pay rises. They have a greater sense of belonging and potentially a longer career at the same organisation. But it is not all rosy. People who are too loyal are more likely to take actions that are deemed wrong to keep their jobs and protect their employer, according to a 2021 academic paper. They might overlook wrongdoing and be less likely to expose corruption.

Often companies and senior bosses are the real winners of employee loyalty. Research led by Matthew Stanley at Duke University's Fuqua School of Business published this year, found that managers were more likely to exploit loyal individuals. Stanley recruited almost 1,400 managers to read about a fictional 29-year-old employee called John, who worked for a company that was trying to keep costs down. They had to decide how willing they would be to ask John to work longer hours and take on more work without more pay. Researchers created various situations including labelling John as loyal versus other traits such as honest and fair. Managers were more willing to ask loyal John to take on the burden of unpaid work.

However, Consultancy Gallup's latest state of the workplace report showed that half of the 122,416 employees who took part in a global survey were looking out for new work. "You can't guarantee anyone will stick around these days," says a consultant who advises the board. This is particularly true of younger generations. They trust their bosses less and are not as patient when it comes to career progression, seeing little benefit in keeping their heads down and following orders if they do not see results quickly.

- () 1. What does the author want to say by mentioning Sam Altman in Paragraph 1?
- A. OpenAI's staff loyalty is quite high.
B. Staff loyalty's rosy side in the work.

- C. Sam Altman could count on his employees.
D. This level of loyalty is not always good.

- () 2. How did Matthew Stanley conduct his research?
- A. Through global surveys concerning a fictional employee named John.
B. By creating different situations to ask John to take on more unpaid work.
C. By asking managers to make decisions about work arrangements of John.
D. By recruiting managers to read fiction about work traits like loyal and honest.
- () 3. What can you learn from the passage?
- A. Loyalty can be used by the management to exploit employees.
B. Younger generations are more patient towards their employers.
C. Employees who are loyal are more likely to report wrongdoing.
D. Loyalty to an employer always leads to a positive work environment.
- () 4. What can be a suitable title for the text?
- A. How job loyalty affects the work environment
B. Why staff loyalty is not always a good thing
C. Are loyal employees more likely to be promoted?
D. Does work loyalty help career progress more quickly?

❶ 语法填空(每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

Last month, our school organized an after-class activity. We visited 1. _____ (company) such as Google and Microsoft, and had the opportunity to talk to professionals from various fields. I 2. _____ (learn) about job opportunities in software development and project management, and 3. _____ skills required for these roles, such as coding and leadership. Interacting 4. _____ the employees helped me understand the realities of the working world, including the importance of teamwork and continuous learning.

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The importance of participating in such activities 5. _____ (frequent) cannot be overstated. These experiences provide us with insights into the different career paths available and help us make informed decisions about 6. _____ (we) futures. By visiting various firms, we gain a deeper understanding of the work environment, the daily routines, and the challenges 7. _____ (involve) in different fields.

This experience has encouraged me to develop the necessary skills for my desired future. So I plan to participate in more workshops and training courses 8. _____ (enhance) my professional abilities. In the short term, 9. _____ I aim to secure is an internship in my field of interest, while in the long run, I expect to become a leader in my industry. I believe such activities are 10. _____ (benefit) to all students.

Ⅷ 完形填空(每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

As a child, I dreamed of becoming a scientist. I mapped my life out: studying neuroscience at a top university, 1 to do a master's degree, a PhD, and a postdoc, and ultimately enjoying a splendid career. But things didn't go as 2.

During my master's research, I found lab work boring and myself working with little 3. However, I wasn't ready to let go of my dream so I just 4. Within two years, though, it became evident that I wasn't 5 the necessary skills. What's worse, I would lie in bed wide awake for hours.

Originally, I debated with myself whether I should 6 the present job. But after my doctor 7 pointed out my health problems, all of my 8 disappeared. I resigned the next day.

Being 9 with myself about a path that wasn't meant for me felt liberating yet it brought new 10. Faced with deciding my next move, I discovered science features written by

non-PhD writers. This inspired me to consider a career in science writing regardless of my 11 in the lab. After signing up for a writing course and 12 my interest, I became a regular 13 to a science magazine.

Reflecting on my journey, I realize the importance of 14 "alternative selves" earlier. Acknowledging my disinterest in lab research sooner could have guided me through my career change with less anxiety. Science offers 15 paths beyond traditional academia, and I now feel I'm on the right track.

- ()1.

A. waiting

B. preferring

C. proceeding

D. remembering
- ()2.

A. advised

B. planned

C. instructed

D. required
- ()3.

A. enthusiasm

B. qualification

C. preparation

D. experience
- ()4.

A. slowed down

B. gave up

C. showed off

D. carried on
- ()5.

A. needing

B. sharing

C. mastering

D. assessing
- ()6.

A. start

B. land

C. admit

D. abandon
- ()7.

A. seriously

B. reliably

C. correctly

D. indirectly
- ()8.

A. patience

B. hesitation

C. complaint

D. courage
- ()9.

A. honest

B. angry

C. satisfied

D. familiar
- ()10.

A. regrets

B. limitations

C. goals

D. challenges
- ()11.

A. achievement

B. fear

C. failure

D. pleasure
- ()12.

A. arousing

B. confirming

C. losing

D. controlling
- ()13.

A. contributor

B. researcher

C. teacher

D. editor
- ()14.

A. ignoring

B. hiding

C. explaining

D. accepting
- ()15.

A. narrow

B. difficult

C. diverse

D. wealthy

▶ 渐进写作微技能：应用文写作之邀请信

学 写作知识

【写作指南】

邀请信是写信人对收信人的一种盛情邀约，一般分为正式和非正式两种，格式与其他信函相同。具体写作步骤如下：

第一段：说明与收信人的相关性

意图。

第二段：交代具体情景，包括邀请收信人做什么、地点以及具体的时间等内容，并且强调为什么邀请收信人。

第三段：表示期待收信人的回复。

练 写作技能

根据汉语提示完成下列句子(每小题 5 分，满分 20 分)

1. I'm more than delighted to write you this letter, _____
_____ (在信里我真诚地邀请你来我的家乡参观) during the approaching summer holiday, when my College Entrance Examination will be over.
2. _____ (按计划), the activity "Drama Night" will be held in the theatre on

- the evening of next Friday, _____
_____ (它将持续三个小时).
3. By participating in the activity, _____
_____ (我们不仅可以获得很多对英语的信心), but we can also widen our horizons.
4. I would appreciate it _____
_____ (如果你能考虑我的邀请) at your earliest convenience.

▶ 读后续写微技能：积极的心理及情绪表达

读后续写中表达喜乐、愉悦、兴奋、激动、满意等积极情绪，除了用相应的名词、动词或形容词直接表述外，也可用具体的细节刻画，如体态语言、脸部表情等，这样能使描述形象生动，具有画面感。另外，适当的修辞表达也能为情感描写增光添彩。

与积极心理和情绪有关的经典例句

一、高兴

1. A thrill of joy filled her heart.
她心中充满了喜悦。

2. The smile on her face shone like a diamond.
她脸上的笑容像钻石一样闪闪发光。

3. Seeing a big/broad/wide smile spread across/appear on her face, I felt so proud of what we did.

看到她脸上绽放出灿烂的笑容,我为我们所做的一切感到非常自豪。

4. I was overjoyed and ran three steps at once.
我欣喜若狂,三步并作两步地跑过去。

5. Her face is red, excitement in the heart, like a deer jumping with joy.

她激动得满脸通红,心里像有只小鹿在欢乐地蹦跳。

6. Her face lit up/brightened/glowed when I gave her the present.

我给她礼物时,她的脸上焕发出光彩。

7. I'm in a good mood at the moment, just like the white clouds in the blue sky.

我此刻心情舒畅,就像蓝天上的白云。

8. She was in cheerful spirits and grinned from ear to ear. 她兴高采烈,笑得合不拢嘴。

二、兴奋、激动

1. She felt thrilled./She was wild with excitement.

她兴奋极了。

2. She couldn't contain her excitement and danced/jumped for joy.

她抑制不住兴奋,高兴得跳起舞来/跳起来。

3. Her eyes twinkled with excitement.

她激动得两眼放光。

4. Her eyes were shining and her heart was filled with excitement.

她的眼睛闪闪发光,心里充满了激动。

5. His eyes danced with joy and excitement, and he was too thrilled to help screaming.

他眼里跃动着喜悦和兴奋,激动得忍不住尖叫起来。

三、感动

1. Tears welling up in her eyes, she offered her heartfelt gratitude.

她热泪盈眶,表示衷心的感谢。

2. It is very moving to see how much strangers can care for each other.

看到陌生人之间这般彼此关照,实在令人感动。

3. Touched/Moved deeply, we thanked the stranger again and again.

被深深感动了,我们一遍又一遍地感谢这个陌生人。

4. With tears streaming down her face, she thanked her friends once again.

泪水顺着她的脸流了下来,她再一次感谢了她的朋友。

四、轻松

1. I breathed a sigh of relief.

我如释重负地松了一口气。

2. Slowly, the pounding eased in her chest and the sweat dried on her brow.

渐渐地,她的心不再怦怦直跳,额头上的汗水也变干了。

3. Her heartbeat steadied, slowly releasing her tension.

她的心跳平稳了,慢慢地放松了下来。

4. She took a deep breath, her tense brows softening at last.

她深吸一口气,紧绷的眉头终于舒展了。

【跟踪演练】

❶ 翻译句子(每小题 5 分,满分 20 分)

1. The moment Tina saw the birthday surprise he'd prepared, _____.

蒂娜一看到他准备的生日惊喜,就开始热泪盈眶,眼泪顺着她的脸流了下来。

2. You could imagine _____ Tim's face.

你可以想象蒂姆脸上绽放的灿烂笑容。

3. _____, I managed to calm myself down and walked up to the platform confidently.

深吸一口气,我设法让自己冷静了下来,然后自信地走上台。

4. He stood in the centre, eyes shining and his heart thundering _____.

他站在中间,由于兴奋,眼睛闪耀着光芒,心怦怦直跳。

❷ 语境续写(每小题 5 分,满分 25 分)

It was daybreak when Jane woke up. To her pleasant surprise, there was a helicopter just over her head. 1. _____

(既急切又兴奋), Jane waved her yellow blouse wildly and 2. _____

_____ (用最高声呼喊) to catch the attention.

Fortunately, she was at last spotted and brought

into the helicopter. There, she saw her beloved husband, Tom, 3. _____ (灿烂地微笑).

Instantly 4. _____ (喜悦和放心的泪水涌出)

as they hugged each other as tightly as possible and both were 5. _____

_____ (太兴奋了,说不出话来). Besides, they were sure never to quarrel again and determined to live the life to the fullest.

❸ 读后续写(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

One of my first nights on call started by responding to a message on my phone, and then I arrived at the animal hospital hurriedly.

I had been working as a veterinary (兽医的) nurse at a university hospital for only nine months. My job included assisting doctors in performing operations on animals. And I was already familiar with the basic operation procedure: preparing operation tools, giving anesthesia (麻醉), positioning the animal on the operation table, cleaning the injured part, and at last, attaching the steel plate to the broken bone.

On this particular night, the only information given was an emergency that needed my immediate attention. I was calm, yet anxious as I headed to the hospital. Shortly after arriving at the hospital, I found that two doctors and another nurse had just arrived. They were

checking the patient in a stall (牲畜棚) near the operating room.

I entered the stall, surprised to find there stood a tiny horse. Obviously, she lived outside all year round. Her entire body was covered with caked-on mud. She looked normal. The only thing out of place was the unnatural angle at which she held her right back leg, which was injured. As I came closer, I realized she was shaking and sweating, even though the night was cool.

As I approached, I heard her family talking to her, their voices quiet and serious. “It’s okay, Doro. We love you. Doctors will fix you right up,” said a small child. Her name was Daisy and the horse was 28-year-old with a broken leg. For a horse, such an injury usually means the death sentence. And Doro’s age was against her.

Her family included Mum, Dad, Daisy and her twin brothers, who were as worried as the little girl about the seriousness of the horse’s condition. Looking wide-eyed and frightened, Daisy turned to her father and asked, “Daddy, you won’t let Doro die, will you?” That look in her eyes struck everyone’s heart. I knew we would be working all night to save Doro.

★ Soon, we anxiously prepared for the operation.

注意:续写词数应为 150 个左右。

Paragraph 1:

I rushed into Central Supply, the area where all our operation tools were kept. _____

Paragraph 2:

“Doro has woken up and now you can see her. Come!” I cheerfully told the family.
